

## SPANISH - REITs

Is a quoted property company that derives its income primarily from long-term investment in immovable property (real estate) distributes its income annually and, in general, does not pay income tax related to immovable property that is so distributed.

Current status according to provisional contents included in Draft Bill dated on June 26, 2009

Issue	Spain SOCIMI
Qualifying legal form under domestic	
Corporate Law	Sociedades Anónimas (SA - Corporation)
Resident company	Yes
Minimum share capital	Eur 15 Mio
Mandatory listing on stock exchange	Yes in Spain but also listing on any other EU stock exchange
Shareholder requirements (max/min of shareholders)	No restrictions. IPO must include a 30% public offering (free float)
Activity test	
Main qualifying activities (elegible activities)	The main activity and object must be (passive) investments in real estate - The acquisiton and promotion of urban based real estate with the aim of leasing such (*)
	(*) the following will not be considered real estate for these purposes: (a) real estate
	with special characteristics (e.g. airports, motorways, real estate designated for the
	production of electrical energy, etc), and (b) real estate, where the use of such is assigned to third parties by way of a finance lease agreement.
	Other passive investments qualifying as elegible activities
	- Direct ownership in other Spanish SOCIMI and/or other foreign entities that have
	same corporate purpose, subject to a similar regime and that are resident in countries or territories with which an effective exchange of tax information exists.
	- The holding of stock in the capital of non financial Spanish Collective Investment Institutions
Non-qualifying ancillary activities	Ancilliary activities are allowed but may not exceed 20% of the company's income
Conditions of investment	
Assets level test	At least 80% of the value of its assets in qualifying passive investments.
Maintananaa pariad	The company must held at least three real estate assets.
Maintenance period	Real estate forming part of the qualifying assets of the company must remain on lease or must be offered under lease for a period of at least three years, except when the real estate
	has been developed by the company in which case the term will be for 7 years.
	Holding of stock in entities forming part of the qualifying pasive investments must held by the company
	at least during a period of three years.
Qualify income test	At least 80% of the income for the tax period must come from qualifying activities.
Leverage	Limited to 70% of book value of real property
	For this purposes, the SOCIMI can opt for substitute book value for fair market value
Profit distribution obligations	Once the corresponding mercantile obligations have been complied with, Spanish REITs
	are obliged to distribute the profit obtained in the previous year among theirs shareholders
	by way of dividend, in the following manner:
	At least 90% of the profit corresponding to income derived from qualifying activities
	At least 50% of the profit corresponding to income derived from the transfer of qualifying assets.



Issue	Spain SOCIMI
Tax treatment at the level of the REIT	
Corporate tax	SOCIMI that have elected for the special tax regime
Income Qualifying income	Income derived from elegible activities are taxed at the 18% flat tax rate.
Non-qualify income	Income derived from non-elegible activities are taxed at rate of 30% Income derived from the letting of real estate when the tenant was a related party according to article 16 of the Spanish Corporate Income Tax Act will be considered as non qualify income.
Capital gains Qualifying capital gains Non qualifying capital gains	Capital gains derived from qualifying passive investments are taxed at the 18% flat tax rate Capital gains derived from non qualifying passive investments are taxed at the rate of 30% Capital gains derived from qualifying real estate assets which do not fulfils with the maintenance period will be considered as non qualifying capital gains or in case the purchaser was a related party under article 16 of the Spanish Corporate Income tax act
Withholding tax on distributions	Dividends distributed by the Spanish REITs not will be subject to withholding tax.
Capital duty	Tax exempt in setting up and capital increasing operations.
Tax treatment at the level of the shareholders	
Dividends distributed	Dividends distributed against profits derived from qualify income obtained during the period in which the company has been elegible for the special tax regime:
	a) When the beneficiary is a Spanish Corporate Income tax payer or a Non-Resident Income Tax payer with a permanent establishment (PE) in Spain: <u>Subject to limited taxation</u>
	b) When the beneficiary is a Spansh Personal Income Tax Payer: tax exempt
Capital gains derived from the transfer of	c) When the beneficiary is a Non-Resident Income Tax payer without PE in Spain: <u>tax exempt</u> except in case the beneficiary was resident in a country without effective exchange of tax information.
stock held in Spanish REITs elegible for the special tax regime	a) When the seller is a Spanish Corporate Income Tax payer or a Non-Resident Income Tax payer with a PE in Spain: <u>Subject to limited taxation.</u>
	b) When the seller is a Spanish Personal Income Tax payer: tax exempt but subject to limits
	c) When the seller is a Non-Resident Income Tax payer without PE in Spain: tax exempt but subject to limits. DTT provisions must be checked